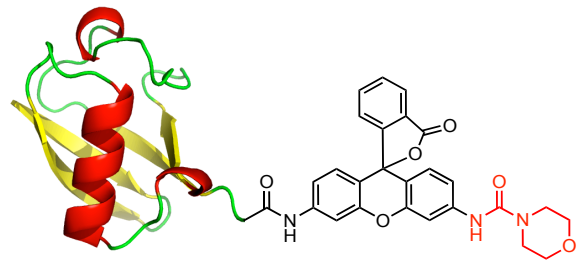


UbiQ

targeting the ubiquitin system



Ub-Rh110MP (*human sequence, synthetic*)

UbiQ code : UbiQ-126
Batch # : B01092015-001
Amount : 50 ug, lyophilized powder
Purity : ≥95%, purified by HPLC and cation-chromatography
Mol. Weight : 8.99 kDa
Storage : upon arrival powder at –20°C, solution at –80°C. Please store in dark environment and avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

Productsheet

Background. Ub-Rh110MP is a new type of quenched, fluorescent substrate for deubiquitylases (DUBs). Cleavage of the amide bond between Gly76 of ubiquitin and the Rhodamine110 moiety releases the highly fluorescent Rh110-morpholinecarboxyl (Rh110MP, exc 492 nm, abs 525 nm),^{1,2} which exhibits a higher fluorescence intensity than the classical Rh110Gly fluorophore of Ub-Rh110Gly (UbiQ-002).³ UbiQ-126 is prepared by total chemical synthesis.⁴

- **keep the excellent properties of the classic ubiquitin-Rh110 substrate (Figures 1 - 3)**
- **with increased fluorescence intensity after proteolytic cleavage (Figures 1C and 3).**

Important: sample preparation

- **dissolve the powder in DMSO: DMSO stocks can range from 0.9 mg/mL (100 uM) to 40 mg/mL (4.45 mM)**
- **add the DMSO stock to milliQ (please note the order of addition) and mix**
- **buffer the aq. solution as desired (using 1M HEPES or 1M Tris for example)**
- **a final assay stock of 100 nM will contain 0.1 vol% DMSO when prepared from a 100 uM DMSO stock**

Sequence

MQIFVKLTGKITLEVPSDTIENVKAKIQDKEGIPPDQQLIFAGKQLEDGRTLSDYNIQKESTLHLVLRLLRGG-**Rh110MP**

Literature. (1) Lavis et al. *ACS Chem. Biol.* **2006**, *1*, 252. (2) Terentyeva et al. *Bioconj. Chem.* **2011**, *22*, 1932. (3) Hassiepen et al. *Analytical Biochem.* **2007**, *371*, 201. (4) El Oualid et al. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2010**, *49*, 10149.

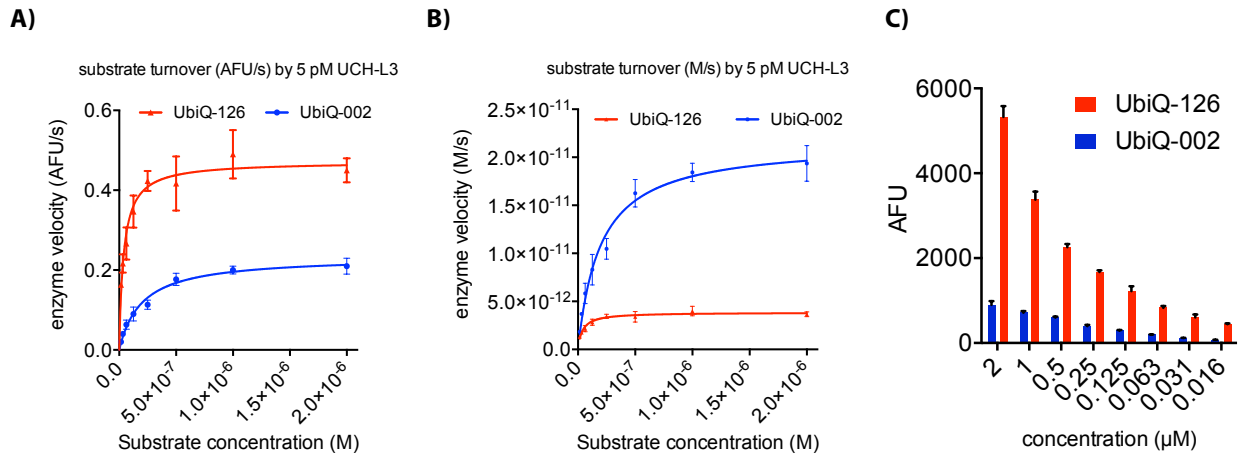


Figure 1. Michaelis-Menten kinetics of UbiQ-126 (Ub-Rh110MP) and UbiQ-002 (Ub-Rh110Gly), turned over by 5 pM UCH-L3. Enzyme kinetics were determined in 384 well format (30 μ L per well) on a *BMG Clariostar plate reader* measuring fluorescence intensity at λ_{exc} 487 \pm 14 nm; λ_{emi} 535 \pm 30 nm; 40 flashes per well.

- A) enzyme velocity represented as AFU/s versus substrate concentration. AFU: arbitrary fluorescence units.
- B) enzyme velocity represented as M/s versus substrate concentration.
- C) fluorescence intensities determined at 30 min turnover by 5 pM UCH-L3, error bars are SD (n=3).

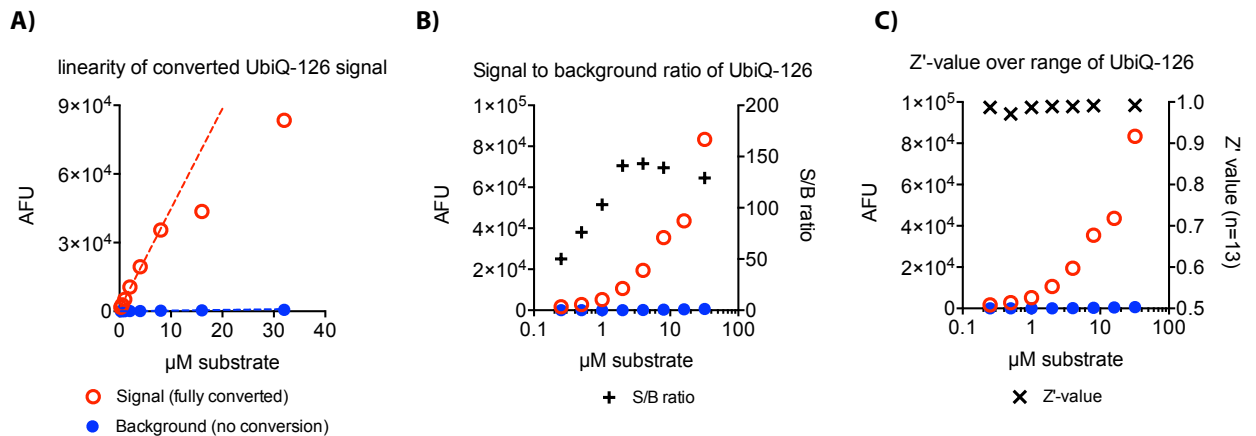


Figure 2. Fluorescence signal versus background of UbiQ-126 (Ub-Rh110MP). Fluorescence intensities were measured of various concentrations of **UbiQ-126** (background) and fully converted **UbiQ-126** by 1 μ M USP7 (signal).

- A) the fluorescence signal of processed **UbiQ-126** is linear up to 8 μ M.
- B) signal-to-background ratios over a concentration range of **UbiQ-126**.
- C) Z'-values over a concentration range of **UbiQ-126**, determined over 13 replicates. Fluorescence intensities were measured in 384 well format on a *BMG Pherastar plate reader* at λ_{exc} 485 \pm 16 nm; λ_{emi} 520 \pm 10 nm.

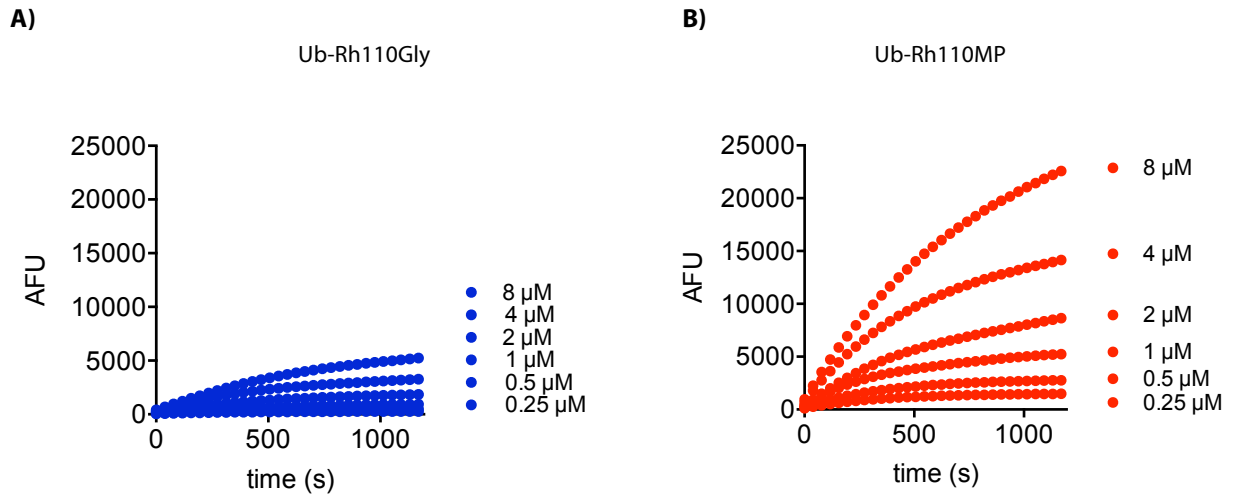


Figure 3. Progress curves of the conversion of substrates UbiQ-002 (Ub-Rh110Gly) and UbiQ-126 (Ub-Rh110MP) by 1 nM USP7. Fluorescence intensities were measured in 384 well format on a *BMG Pherastar plate reader* at λ_{exc} 485 \pm 16 nm; λ_{emi} 520 \pm 10 nm. AFU: arbitrary fluorescence units.

A) conversion of **Ub-Rh110Gly** (blue dots) at the indicated concentrations.

B) conversion of **Ub-Rh110MP** (red dots) at the indicated concentrations.